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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/770,142	01/26/2001	Jim Smith Hogan	1949-00400	7331	
75	590 06/19/2002				
Gregory L. Maag			EXAMINER		
P.O. Box 3267 Houston, TX	77253-3267		YILDIRIM,	YILDIRIM, BEKIR L	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1764	"	
			DATE MAILED: 06/19/2002	5	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		N P				
•	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summan	09/770,142	HOGAN, JIM SMITH				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
The MAN INC DATE of this communication and	Bekir L. YILDIRIM	1764				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply lf NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	6(a). In no event, however, may a repl within the statutory minimum of thirty (i ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH cause the application to become ABAN	y be timely filed 30) days will be considered timely. S from the mailing date of this communication. IDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	······································					
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ Thi	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims	p					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-49</u> is/are pending in the application	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-49</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-49</u> is/are rejected.	Claim(s) <u>1-49</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accep	<u></u>	Evaminer				
	, ,					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	c priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(e) (to a provisional application).				
<ul> <li>a)  The translation of the foreign language pro</li> <li>15)  Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti</li> </ul>						
Attachment(s)						
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 2</li> </ol>	5) Notice of Inf	mmary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) ormal Patent Application (PTO-152) .				
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## DETAILED ACTION

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
  - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
  - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
  - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
  - Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 3. Claims 1-49 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hogan (USP 4,872,954), Xing (USP 6,133,491) or Cha et al. (USP5,470,384) both further in view of Nickens et al. (USP 6,139,806).

Xing teaches a process for producing hydrocarbons from waste, which employs two pyrolysis zones corresponding to the two drums in the instant claims. The reference further

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teaches an pretreatment zone, which functions much like the two pyrolysis chambers, thus combination corresponds to the "three-drum" embodiment in the instant claims. Both pyrolysis sections have their own gas outlets and the flue gases may be circulated to provide heat to the reaction zone. The temperature in the first thermal cracking zone is kept at 350 to 600 C and the second one at 600 to 1200 C. Both sections contain sealing means. (see Figure, col. 2, line 23 - col. 3, line 14, col. 6, lines 10-30).

Cha et al. teaches a process for producing hydrocarbons from tires, employing a horizontal screw reactor and a inclined screw reactor. The feed is provided to the first, inclined screw reactor by screw conveyor means. Both sections have sealing means as well as their own gas outlets. The temperatures employed are variable and generally 600 to 750 C in the first and 800 to 900 in the second reactor (see cols 7 and 8 supra).

Hogan teaches a process for the separation and extraction of gas liquid and solid components in waste material substantially same as the one claimed herein except for the employment of single retorting drum whereas two drums are employed in the claimed invention, and the lack of the scrubber in the instant claims, while reciting generally that a scrubber may be employed (see supra).

It would have been obvious however to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the Hogan process by the employment of two pyrolysis zones instead of one, because both of the secondary references sharing the same technical endeavor with

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the instant application teach the advantages obtained by such as easing the reactor durabilitytemperature restrictions among others.

It is also acknowledged that none of the references teach the employment of the eductor scrubbers.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to modify the process of Hogan by employing a venturi eductor scrubbing means substantially same as the one employed herein, because Hogan specifically suggests that the process and apparatus described therein can further be improved by inclusion of a scrubber. Given that there are a limited number of scrubbers having the utility in the claims it would be well within ordinary skill to judiciously select the proper one, in accordance with, the desired cleanliness of the products with the given feeds.

## Conclusion

- 4. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- 5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Bekir L. Yildirim whose telephone number is (703) 308-3586. The examiner can normally be reached on weekdays from 9 to 6.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Marian Knode, can be reached on (703) 308-4311. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 305-6078.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0611.

B.L.Y.

June 13, 2002

Bekir ! Midirim Primaly Laminer

> Bekir L. Yildirim Primary Examiner